



basic education




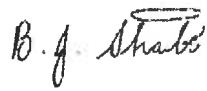
Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/
NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS
SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN/
NASIONALE SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN**

**TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS P1/TEGNIESE WISKUNDE VI
MAY/JUNE/MEI/JUNIE 2025
FINAL MARKING GUIDELINES/FINALE NASIENRIGLYNE**

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

Marking Codes/Nasienkodes	
A	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
CA	Consistent Accuracy/Volgehoue Akkuraatheid
M	Method/Metode
R	Rounding/Afronding
NPR	No Penalty for Rounding/Geen Penalisering vir Afronding nie
NPU	No Penalty for Units omitted/Geen Penalisering vir Eenhede Weggelaat nie
S	Simplification/Vereenvoudiging
SF	Substitution in Correct Formula/Vervanging in Korrekte Formule
F	Use of correct Formula/Gebruik van korrekte Formule
AO	Answer Only/Slegs antwoord

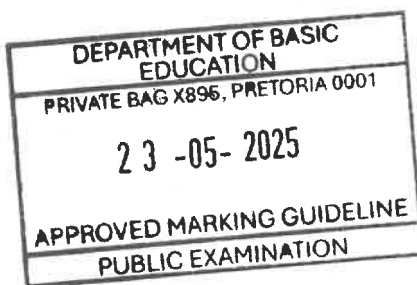
DATE APPROVED/DATUM GOEDGEKEUR	23 MAY 2025
EXTERNAL/EKSTERNE MODERATORS	INTERNAL /INTERNE MODERATORS
M.A. HENDRICKS	N. TOM
 	
B.J. SHABANGU	
	

**These marking guidelines consist of 22 pages.
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 22 bladsye.**

<p>1.1.3</p>	<p>$-x^2 + 5x + 6 > 0$</p> <p>$-(x - 6)(x + 1) > 0$ OR/OF $x^2 - 5x - 6 < 0$ $(x - 6)(x + 1) < 0$</p> <p>OR/OF $\frac{-(5) \pm \sqrt{(5)^2 - 4(-1)(6)}}{2(-1)}$</p> <p>Critical values/Kritiese waardes: 6 and/en -1</p> <p>$\therefore x \in (-1; 6)$</p>	<p>✓ factors/faktore/SF A</p> <p>✓ critical values/kritieke waardes CA</p> <p>✓ correct notation/korrekte notasie A</p> <p>AO: Full marks/Volpunte (3)</p>
<p>1.2.1</p>	<p>$y = 2x + 1$</p>	<p>✓ subject/onderwerp A (1)</p>
<p>1.2.2</p>	<p>$y = 2x + 1$</p> <p>$x^2 - xy + y^2 = 7$</p> <p>$x^2 - x(2x + 1) + (2x + 1)^2 = 7$</p> <p>$x^2 - 2x^2 - x + 4x^2 + 4x + 1 = 7$</p> <p>$3x^2 + 3x - 6 = 0$</p> <p>$x^2 + x - 2 = 0$</p> <p>$(x + 2)(x - 1) = 0$ OR/OF $x = \frac{-(1) \pm \sqrt{(1)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)}$</p> <p>$\therefore x = -2$ or/of $x = 1$</p> <p>$\therefore y = 2(-2) + 1 = -3$ or/of $y = 2(1) + 1 = 3$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>	<p>✓ subst./vervang. CA</p> <p>✓ std form/vorm CA</p> <p>✓ factors/faktore/SF CA</p> <p>✓ both x-values/beide x-wrdes CA</p> <p>✓ both y-values/beide y-wrdes CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>

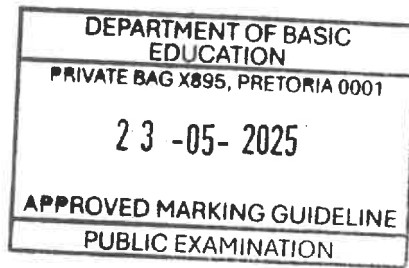
	$x = \frac{y-1}{2}$ $x^2 - xy + y^2 = 7$ $\left(\frac{y-1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{y-1}{2}\right)y + y^2 = 7$ $\frac{y^2 - 2y + 1}{4} - \frac{y^2 - y}{2} + y^2 = 7$ $3y^2 - 27 = 0$ $y^2 - 9 = 0$ $(y+3)(y-3) = 0 \text{ OR/OF } y = \pm\sqrt{9}$ $\therefore y = -3 \text{ or/of } y = 3$ $\therefore x = -2 \text{ or/of } x = 1$	<p>✓ subst./vervang A</p> <p>✓ std form/vorm CA</p> <p>✓ factors/faktore/SF CA</p> <p>✓ both y-values/beide y-wrdes CA</p> <p>✓ both x-values/beide x-wrdes CA</p> <p>(5)</p>
1.3.1	$N_s = \frac{60 \times f}{P}$ $P = \frac{60 \times f}{N_s}$	<p>✓ P subject/onderwerp A</p> <p>(1)</p>
1.3.2	$P = \frac{60 \times f}{N_s}$ $= \frac{60 \times 63}{540} \times 60$ $= 7 \times 60 = 420 \text{ poles / pale}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $N_s = \frac{60 \times f}{P}$ $540 = \frac{60 \times 63}{P} \times 60$ $P = 7 \times 60 = 420 \text{ poles / pale}$ <p>Accept / Aanvaar 7 poles / pale</p>	<p>✓ SF CA</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ SF A</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p>(2)</p>

1.4	$R = 4 \times 15 = 60$ $= \frac{60}{110_2}$ $= \frac{111100_2}{110_2}$ $= 1010_2$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $R = 4 \times 15 = 60$ $\frac{R}{110_2}$ $= \frac{60}{110_2}$ $= \frac{60}{6}$ $= 10$ $= 1010_2$	$\checkmark R = 60$ A \checkmark binary form/binêre vorm CA $\checkmark 1010_2$ CA <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\checkmark R = 60$ A $\checkmark 6$ A $\checkmark 1010_2$ CA AO: Full marks/Volpunte (3) [21]
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QUESTION/VRAAG 2

2.1.1	$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$ $= (0)^2 - 4(1)(-4)$ $= 16$	✓SF ✓16	A CA (2)
2.1.2	Rational and unequal <i>Rasionaal en ongelyk</i>	✓ rational/ <i>rasionaal</i> ✓ unequal/ <i>ongelyk</i>	CA CA (2)
2.2	$px^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$ $\Delta = 0$ $(-6)^2 - 4(p)(1) = 0$ $36 - 4p = 0$ $\therefore p = 9$	✓ $\Delta = 0$ ✓SF ✓S ✓ value of/ <i>waarde van p</i>	A A CA CA (4)
			[8]



QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1.1	$\log_2 2^b$ $= b$	$\checkmark b$ A (1)
3.1.2	$\frac{5^{3n} - 5^{3n-1}}{5^{3n+1}}$ $= \frac{5^{3n} - 5^{3n} \times 5^{-1}}{5^{3n} \times 5} \quad \text{OR/OF} \quad \frac{5^{3n}}{5^{3n+1}} - \frac{5^{3n-1}}{5^{3n+1}}$ $= \frac{5^{3n}(1 - 5^{-1})}{5^{3n} \times 5} \quad \text{OR/OF} \quad 5^{3n-3n-1} - 5^{3n-1-3n-1}$ $= \frac{1 - 5^{-1}}{5} \quad \text{OR/OF} \quad 5^{-1} - 5^{-2}$ $= \frac{4}{25}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\frac{5^{3n} - 5^{3n-1}}{5^{3n+1}}$ $= \frac{125^n - 125^n \times \frac{1}{5}}{125^n \times 5}$ $= \frac{\frac{4}{5} \times 125^n}{5 \times 125^n}$ $= \frac{4}{25}$	$\checkmark \text{exp. property/eks eienskap}$ A $\checkmark S$ CA $\checkmark S$ CA <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\checkmark \text{exp. property/eks eienskap}$ A $\checkmark S$ CA $\checkmark S$ CA (3)
3.1.3 #	$\frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt{4\sqrt{625x^{12}}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt{5x^3})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{100x^4} + \sqrt{900x^4}}{2x}$ $= \frac{10x^2 + 30x^2}{2x} \quad \text{OR/OF} \quad = \frac{40x^2}{2x}$ $= 20x$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>	$\checkmark 3\sqrt{5x^3}$ A $\checkmark \sqrt{100x^4}$ A $\checkmark \sqrt{900x^4}$ CA $\checkmark S$ CA $\checkmark S$ CA <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>



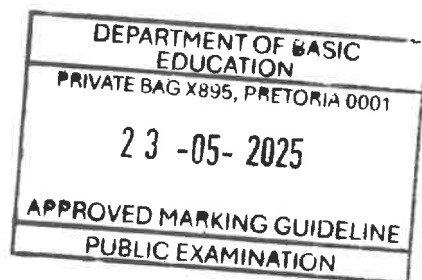
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	$\frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt[4]{625x^{12}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{5 \times 4x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt{5x^3})}{2x}$ $= \frac{2\sqrt{5x} (4\sqrt{5x^3})}{2x}$ $= \frac{40x^2}{2x}$ $= 20x$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt[4]{625x^{12}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt{5x^3})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{20} x^{\frac{1}{2}} (\sqrt{5} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3 \times \sqrt{5} x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{2\sqrt{5} x^{\frac{1}{2}} (4\sqrt{5} x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{40x^2}{2x}$ $= 20x$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\frac{\sqrt{20x} (\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt[4]{625x^{12}})}{2x}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{4 \cdot 5x} (\sqrt{5x \cdot x^2} + 3\sqrt{5x \cdot x^2})}{2x}$ $= \frac{2\sqrt{5x} (x\sqrt{5x} + 3x\sqrt{5x})}{2x}$ $= \frac{2\sqrt{5x} (4x\sqrt{5x})}{2x}$ $= 4 \times 5x$ $= 20x$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>	$\checkmark 3\sqrt{5x^3} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 2\sqrt{5x} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 4\sqrt{5x^3} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\checkmark 3\sqrt{5x^3} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 2\sqrt{5} x^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 4\sqrt{5} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $\checkmark 3\sqrt{5x \times x^2} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 2\sqrt{5x} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 4x\sqrt{5x} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p>
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$\frac{\sqrt{20x} \left(\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt[4]{625x^{12}} \right)}{2x}$ $= \frac{(5 \cdot 2^2 x)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left((5x^3)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 3(5^4 x^{12})^{\frac{1}{8}} \right)}{2x}$ $= \frac{5^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{2x}$ $= \frac{2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(4 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{2x}$ $= \frac{8 \cdot 5 \cdot x^2}{2x}$ $= 20x$	$\checkmark 3(5^4 x^{12})^{\frac{1}{8}} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 4 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{2}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$
OR/OF	
$\frac{\sqrt{20x} \left(\sqrt{5x^3} + 3\sqrt[4]{625x^{12}} \right)}{2x}$ $= 2\sqrt{5x} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5x^2}}{2x} + \frac{3\sqrt{5x^2}}{2x} \right)$ $= 2\sqrt{5x} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)$ $= 2\sqrt{5x} (2\sqrt{5x})$ $= 4 \times 5x$ $= 20x$	$\checkmark 3\sqrt{5x^2} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark 2\sqrt{5x} \quad \text{A}$ $\checkmark \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{2} x^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$ $\checkmark \text{S} \quad \text{CA}$

(5)



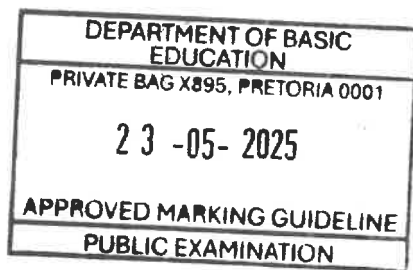
<p>3.2</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) = 1 + \log x$</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) - \log x = 1$</p> <p>$\log \frac{(x + 3)}{x} = 1$</p> <p>$\log \frac{(x + 3)}{x} = \log 10$ OR/OF $\frac{x+3}{x} = 10^1$</p> <p>$10x = x + 3$</p> <p>$9x = 3$</p> <p>$x = \frac{1}{3}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) = 1 + \log x$</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) = \log 10 + \log x$</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) = \log 10x$</p> <p>$x + 3 = 10x$</p> <p>$9x = 3$</p> <p>$x = \frac{1}{3}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>$\log(x + 3) = 1 + \log x$</p> <p>$-1 = \log x - \log(x + 3)$</p> <p>$-1 = \log \frac{x}{x + 3}$</p> <p>$10^{-1} = \frac{x}{x + 3}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{x}{x + 3}$</p> <p>$x + 3 = 10x$</p> <p>$9x = 3$</p> <p>$x = \frac{1}{3}$</p>	<p>\checkmark log prop/eienskap A</p> <p>\checkmark log 10 OR/OF exponent prop/eksponent eienskap A</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>\checkmark log 10 A</p> <p>\checkmark log prop/eienskap CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>\checkmark log prop/eienskap A</p> <p>\checkmark exponent prop/ eksponent eienskap CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p>\checkmark S CA</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
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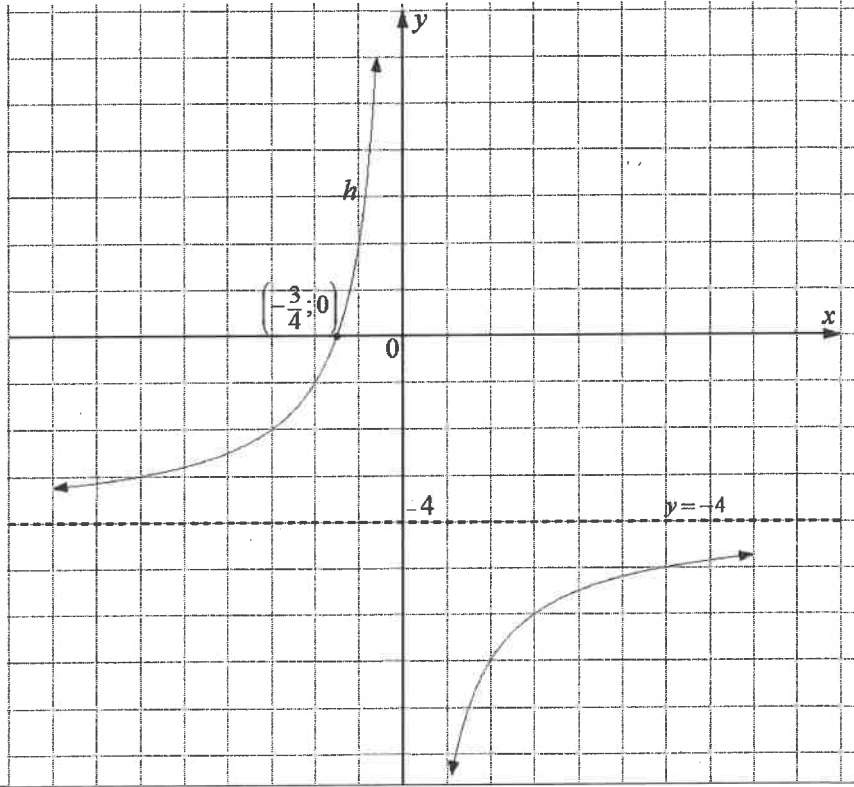
3.3	$\sqrt{-16 + 3i^2}$ $= 4i + 3(-1)$ $= -3 + 4i$	✓ -3 ✓ 4i	A A (2)
3.4.1	$z = i^7 + \sqrt{3}$ $= \sqrt{3} - i$	✓ $z = \sqrt{3} - i$	A (1)
3.4.2	$\text{modulus} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + (-1)^2} = 2$	✓ SF ✓ 2 AO: Full marks/Volpunte	A CA (2)
3.4.3	$\tan \theta = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$ Ref. Angle / Ver.Hoek = 30° $\therefore \theta = 360^\circ - 30^\circ = 330^\circ$ $\therefore z = 2 \text{ cis } 330^\circ \text{ OR/OF } z = 2 \text{ cis } \frac{11}{6} \pi \text{ OR/OF } 2 \angle 330^\circ$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $z = 2(\cos 330^\circ + i \cdot \sin 330^\circ)$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $z = 2\left(\cos \frac{11}{6} \pi + i \cdot \sin \frac{11}{6} \pi\right)$	✓ $\tan \theta = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$ ✓ $\theta = 330^\circ$ ✓ polar form / polêre vorm	CA CA CA AO: Full marks/Volpunte (3)
			[22]



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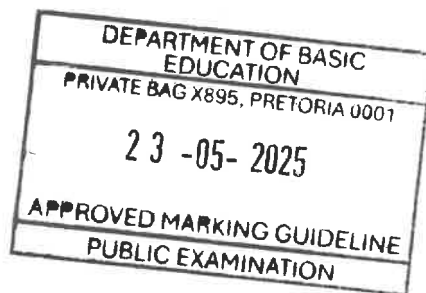
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QUESTION/VRAAG 4

4.1.1	$x = 0$ $y = -4$	✓ $x = 0$ A ✓ $y = -4$ A (2)
4.1.2	$-\frac{3}{x} - 4 = 0$ $-\frac{3}{x} = 4$ $4x = -3$ $x = -\frac{3}{4} \text{ OR / OF } -0,75$ <p>Accept/Aanvaar: $\left(-\frac{3}{4}; 0\right)$</p>	✓ $h(x) = 0$ A ✓ x -value/waarde CA (2)
4.1.3		
	✓ shape/vorm ✓ x -intercept/afsnit ✓ horizontal asymptote/horizontale asimptoot	A CA CA (3)

<p>4.2</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ shape/vorm A ✓ x-intercept/afsnit A ✓ y-intercept/afsnit A ✓ asymptote/asimptoot A <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>4.3.1</p>	<p>$C(0; -5)$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 0 A ✓ -5 A <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>4.3.2</p>	<p>$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$ $(x - 5)(x + 1) = 0$ $x = 5$ or/of $x = -1$ $AB = 6$ units / eenhede</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ $f(x) = 0$ A ✓ factors/faktore A ✓ both/beide x-values/waardes CA ✓ length of/lengte van AB CA <p>AO: Full marks/Volpunte (4)</p>
<p>4.3.3</p>	<p>$x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ $x = -\frac{-4}{2(1)}$ OR/OF $x = \frac{5-1}{2}$ OR/OF $f'(x) = 2x - 4 = 0$ $\therefore x = 2$ $y = (2)^2 - 4(2) - 5$ OR/OF $y = \frac{4(1)(-5) - (-4)^2}{4(1)}$ $y = -9$ $\therefore D(2; -9)$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ SF/M A ✓ x-value/waarde CA ✓ y-value/waarde CA <p>AO: Full marks/Volpunte (3)</p>

4.3.4	$y \geq -9$ OR/OF $y \in [-9; \infty)$ OR/OF $-9 \leq y < \infty$	✓ range/waardevers/terrein CA (1)
4.3.5	$m = \frac{0 + 5}{5 - 0}$ $= 1$ $y = x - 5$	✓ SF CA ✓ value/waarde CA ✓ equation/vergeelyking CA AO: Full marks/Volpunte (3)
4.3.6	$y_E = (2) - 5 = -3$ $\therefore ED = 6$ units/eenhede	✓ y-coord. of E/y-koör v E CA ✓ length/lengte ED CA AO: Full marks/Volpunte (2)
		[26]



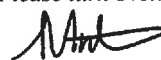
QUESTION/VRAAG 5

5.1.1	$A = R464,48 \times 24 + R1\,000$ $= R12\,147,52$	✓ value / waarde A (1)
5.1.2	$A = P(1 + ni)$ $11\,147,52 = 9\,063(1 + 2i)$ $\therefore 1 + 2i \approx 1,2300\dots$ $\therefore 2i \approx 0,23\dots$ $\therefore i \approx 0,115$ OR/OF $r \approx 11,50\%$ <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> Simple interest = Pni $2\,084,52 = 9\,063 \times 2 \times i$ $\therefore i \approx 0,115$ OR/OF $r \approx 11,50\%$ <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> $n \times \text{Interest \%} = \frac{V_{\text{final}} - V_{\text{initial}}}{V_{\text{initial}}} \times 100\%$ $2r = \frac{11\,147,52 - 9\,063}{9\,063} \times 100\%$ $r \approx 11,50\%$	✓F A ✓11 147,52 A ✓9 063 A ✓ value of/waarde van i CA <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> ✓F A ✓2 084,52 A ✓9 063 A ✓ value of/waarde van i CA <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> ✓F A ✓11 147,52 A ✓9 063 A ✓ value of/waarde van r CA NPR (4)
5.2	$A = P(1 - i)^n$ $= R220\,000(1 - 0,23)^3$ $= R100\,437,26$ <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> Year/Jaar 1 : $220\,000 - 0,23 \times 220\,000 = R169\,400$ Year/Jaar 2 : $169\,400 - 0,23 \times 169\,400 = R130\,438$ Year/Jaar 3 : $130\,438 - 0,23 \times 130\,438 = R100\,437,26$	✓F A ✓SF A ✓ value/waarde CA <p style="text-align:center">OR/OF</p> ✓ R169 400 A ✓ R130 438 CA ✓ R100 437,26 CA NPR (3)

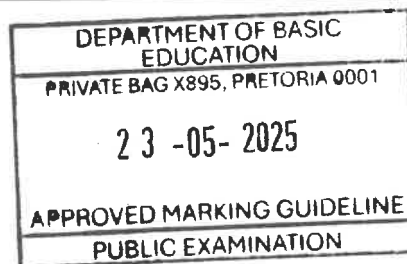


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<p>5.3 #</p>	<p>Value of investment at end of 4 years / Waarde van die belegging aan die einde van 4 jaar:</p> $A = R40\,000 \left(1 + \frac{6,5\%}{4}\right)^{16}$ $\approx R\,51\,768,90$ <p>Value of investment at end of 7 years/ Waarde van die belegging aan die einde van 7 jaar</p> $A = R51\,768,90 \left(1 + \frac{8\%}{2}\right)^6$ $\approx R\,65\,504,17$ <p>∴ Interest / Rente $\approx R25\,504,17$</p> <p>∴ $R\,25\,504,17 > \frac{1}{2}(R\,40\,000)$</p> <p>∴ The interest earned was NOT less than half the original amount. /Die rente verdien was NIE minder as die helfte van die oorspronklike bedrag NIE</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $A = R40\,000 \left(1 + \frac{6,5\%}{4}\right)^{16} \times \left(1 + \frac{8\%}{2}\right)^6$ $\approx R\,65\,504,17$ <p>∴ Interest / Rente $\approx R25\,504,17$</p> <p>∴ $R\,25\,504,17 > \frac{1}{2}(R\,40\,000)$</p> <p>∴ The interest earned was NOT less than half the original amount. /Die rente verdien was NIE minder as die helfte van die oorspronklike bedrag NIE</p>	<p>✓ $40\,000 \left(1 + \frac{6,5\%}{4}\right)^{16}$ A</p> <p>✓ R 51 768,90 CA</p> <p>✓ $51\,768,90 \left(1 + \frac{8\%}{2}\right)^6$ CA</p> <p>✓ R 65 504,17 CA</p> <p>✓ R25 504,17 CA</p> <p>✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ $40\,000 \left(1 + \frac{6,5\%}{4}\right)^{16}$ A</p> <p>✓ M ✓ $\times \left(1 + \frac{8\%}{2}\right)^6$ A</p> <p>✓ R65 504,17 CA</p> <p>✓ R25 504,17 CA</p> <p>✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking CA (6)</p> <p>NPR</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[14]</p>
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QUESTION/VRAAG 6

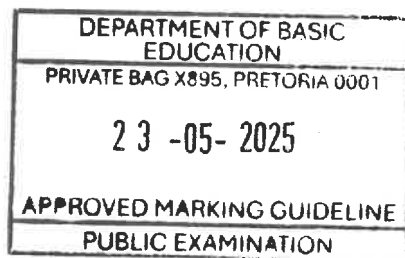
<p>6.1</p>	$f(x) = -8x$ $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-8(x+h) - (-8x)}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-8x - 8h + 8x}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-8h}{h}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (-8)$ $\therefore f'(x) = -8$	<p>✓ definition/definisie A</p> <p>✓ SF A</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p>✓ -8 CA</p> <p>Penalty: 1 mark for incorrect notation/ Penaliseer : 1 punt vir foutiewe notasie</p> <p>AO: only 1 mark/ slegs 1 punt</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(5)</p>
<p>6.2</p>	$D_x [-2]$ $= 0$	<p>✓ 0 A</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>
<p>6.3</p>	$f(x) = x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4x^{-7}$ $f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 28x^{-8}$	<p>✓ $\frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ A</p> <p>✓ $28x^{-8}$ A</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
<p>6.4.1</p>	$y - yx = x^2 - 1$ $y(1-x) = (x-1)(x+1)$ $y = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{-(x-1)}$ $y = -x - 1$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $y - yx = x^2 - 1$ $-y(x-1) = (x-1)(x+1)$ $-y = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)}$ $-y = x + 1$ $y = -x - 1$	<p>✓ factor LHS/faktor LK A</p> <p>✓ factors RHS/faktore RK A</p> <p>✓ divide by /deel deur (1-x) CA</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ factor LHS/faktor LK A</p> <p>✓ factors RHS/faktore RK A</p> <p>✓ divide by /deel deur (x-1) CA</p> <p>✓ S CA</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>6.4.2</p>	$\frac{dy}{dx} = -1$	<p>✓ -1 CA</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(1)</p>



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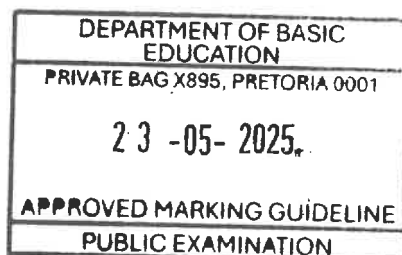


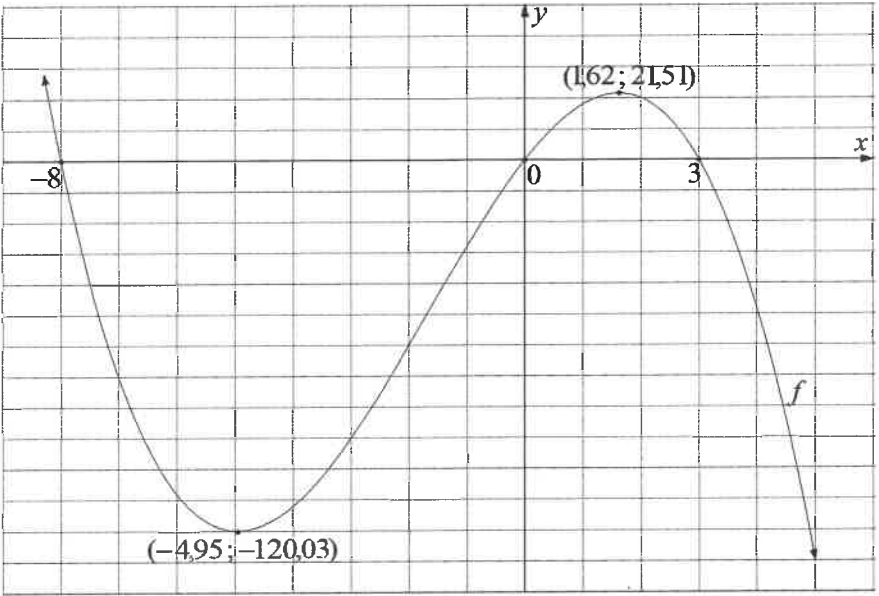

6.5.1	$g'(x) = 6x + 5$	✓ 6x ✓ 5	A A (2)
6.5.2	$g'(-4) = 6(-4) + 5 = -19$	✓ grad value/waarde	CA (1)
6.5.3 #	$g(-4) = 3(-4)^2 + 5(-4) = 28$ $y = -19x + c$ OR/OF $y - y_1 = -19(x - x_1)$ $28 = -19(-4) + c$ $y - 28 = -19[x - (-4)]$ $-48 = c$ $y - 28 = -19x - 76$ $y = -19x - 48$	✓ 28 ✓ SF ✓ Eqn of tangent/vergl van raaklyn	A CA (3)
6.6	<p>Av. Grad./ Gemid.grad. = $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$</p> $5 = \frac{k - 3 - (-6)}{k - 1}$ OR/OF $5 = \frac{-6 - (k - 3)}{1 - k}$ $5k - 5 = k + 3$ $5 - 5k = -3 - k$ $4k = 8$ $-4k = -8$ $\therefore k = 2$	✓ SF ✓ S ✓ value of/ waarde van k	A CA (3)
			[22]

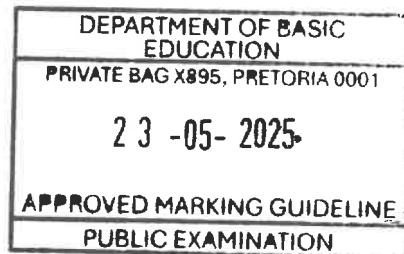


QUESTION/VRAAG 7

7.1	$y = 0$ OR/OF $(0;0)$	✓ y - intercept/afsnit	A (1)
7.2	$g(x) = -x^3 - 5x^2 + 24x$ $= -x(x^2 + 5x - 24)$ $= -x(x+8)(x-3)$ OR/OF $g(x) = -x^3 - 5x^2 + 24x$ $= x(-x^2 - 5x + 24)$ $= x(-x-8)(x-3)$ OR/OF $= x(x+8)(-x+3)$	✓ common factor/gemene faktor ✓ further factorisation/verdere faktorisering OR/OF ✓ common factor/gemene faktor ✓ further factorisation/verdere faktorisering	A CA A CA (2)
7.3	$x = 0$ or/of $x = -8$ or/of $x = 3$	✓ all 3 x -intercepts/ al 3 afsnitte	CA (1)
7.4 #	$f'(x) = -3x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0$ $x = \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(-3)(24)}}{2(-3)}$ $\therefore x \approx 1,62$ or/of $x \approx -4,95$ $f(1,62) = -(1,62)^3 - 5(1,62)^2 + 24(1,62) \approx 21,51$ $f(-4,95) = -(-4,95)^3 - 5(-4,95)^2 + 24(-4,95) \approx -120,03$ $\therefore (1,62 ; 21,51)$ and/en $(-4,95 ; -120,03)$	✓ derivative/afgeleide ✓ $f'(x) = 0$ ✓ SF ✓ both values of/beide waardes van x ✓ both values of/beide waardes van y AO: Full marks/Volpunte NPR	A A CA CA CA (5)

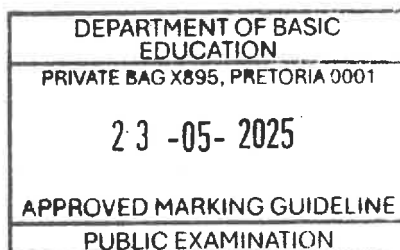


<p>7.5</p>		<p>✓ shape/vorm A ✓ x- and y-intercepts/x- en y-afsnitte CA ✓ both turning points/beide draaipunte CA</p>
<p>7.6</p>	<p>$x < -4,95$ or/of $0 < x < 1,62$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>$x \in (-\infty; -4,95) \cup (0; 1,62)$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>$x < -4,95$ or/of $x > 0$ and/en $x < 1,62$</p>	<p>✓ $x < -4,95$ CA ✓✓ $0 < x < 1,62$ CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ $x \in (-\infty; -4,95)$ CA ✓✓ $\cup (0; 1,62)$ CA</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>✓ $x < -4,95$ CA ✓✓ $x > 0$ and/en $x < 1,62$ CA</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [15]</p>



QUESTION/VRAAG 8

8.1	$x+1$ Accept/ Aanvaar: $\frac{2x+2}{2}$ OR/OF $\frac{1}{2}(2x+2)$	✓ height/hoogte A (1)
8.2	$V(x) = (10-2x)(2x+2)(x+1)$ $= (10-2x)(2x^2+4x+2)$ OR/OF $(2x+2)(-2x^2+8x+10)$ OR/OF $(x+1)(-4x^2+16x+20)$ $\therefore V(x) = -4x^3+12x^2+36x+20$	✓ SF CA ✓ trinomial/drieterm CA (2)
8.3	$V'(x) = -12x^2+24x+36$	✓ derivative/afgeleide A (1)
8.4	For maximum/Vir maksimum: $V'(x) = 0$ $-12x^2+24x+36 = 0$ $-x^2+2x+3 = 0$ OR/OF $x^2-2x-3 = 0$ $-(x-3)(x+1) = 0$ OR/OF $(x-3)(x+1) = 0$ OR/OF $x = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(-1)(3)}}{2(-1)}$ OR/OF $x = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(1)(-3)}}{2(1)}$ $\therefore x = 3$ or/of $x = -1$ $\therefore x = 3$	✓ equating derivative to/stel afgeleide aan 0 A ✓ factors/faktore/SF CA ✓ both values of/beide waardes van x CA ✓ applicable value of/toepaslike waarde van x CA (4) [8]



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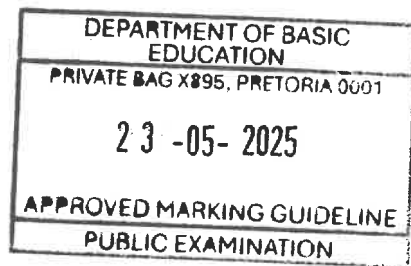
B. J. Steyn

[Signature]

QUESTION/VRAAG 9

9.1	$\int -5x^9 dx$ $= -\frac{1}{2}x^{10} + C$ <p>Accept/ Aanvaar: $-\frac{5}{9+1}x^{9+1} + C$</p>	$\checkmark -\frac{1}{2}x^{10}$ A $\checkmark C$ A (2)
9.2.1	$\frac{2 - 8x^{-3} + x}{x}$ $= \frac{2}{x} - 8x^{-4} + 1$	$\checkmark -8x^{-4}$ A $\checkmark 1$ A (2)
9.2.2	$\int \frac{2}{x} - 8x^{-4} + 1 dx$ $= 2\ln x + \frac{8}{3}x^{-3} + x + C$	$\checkmark 2\ln x$ A $\checkmark \frac{8}{3}x^{-3}$ CA $\checkmark x$ CA (3)
9.3	$A = \int_k^{2k} f(x) dx$ $= \int_k^{2k} 4x^3 dx$ $= \left[x^4 \right]_k^{2k} \quad \text{OR/OF} \quad = \left[\frac{4x^{3+1}}{3+1} \right]_k^{2k}$ $(2k)^4 - (k)^4 = 36\,015$ $15k^4 = 36\,015$ $k^4 = 2\,401$ $k = \sqrt[4]{2\,401} = 7$ $\therefore 2k = 14$ $\therefore 10 < 2k < 20$ $\therefore \text{The claim is VALID /}$ $\therefore \text{Die bewering is GELDIG.}$	\checkmark Area notation using integrals/Oppervlak-notasie met gebruik van integrale A $\checkmark x^4$ A \checkmark subst./vervang. CA $\checkmark A = 36\,015$ CA $\checkmark S$ CA \checkmark value of/waarde van k CA \checkmark Conclusion/Gevolgtre CA (7) [14]

TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150



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B. J. Shabane